

# 广州高山文化培训学校

## 2018 届上线考试九

### 英 语

2018.05.17

#### 注意事项:

1. 本试卷分第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。
2. 答题前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上相应的位置。
3. 全部答案在答题卡上完成，答在本试卷上无效。

### 第 I 卷

#### 第一部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

#### 第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A  
**Destination Travels**  
78 Soho St,  
New York, NY

Dear Ms Pierce,

Thank you for trusting Destination Travels for your honeymoon plans. This letter includes all the information regarding the flights and accommodation arrangements we have already agreed on.

Date	Flight No.	Place/Time Depart	Place/Time Arrive
August 6	UA 674	New York, JFK 6:30 AM	Puerto Rico Int. Airport 9:00AM
August 15	UA 673	Puerto Rico Int. Airport 1:00 PM	New York, JFK 3:30 PM

On arriving at Puerto Rico Int, Airport, a representative of The Caribbean Hotels & Resorts will be waiting for you in order to transfer you to the hotel. The transfer to and from the airport is offered by the hotel as part of your honeymoon package. The reservation has been made for a nine-night stay under your future husband's last name. The price of the newlyweds' suite includes breakfast and one more meal at the hotel restaurant. You can also use all of the hotel facilities—pool, gym, sauna, etc. for free as part of your honeymoon package. In addition, you can take scuba diving or snorkeling classes with the hotels trained staff at a reduced price—40% off.

Thank you for choosing Destination Travels. We guarantee your honeymoon with us will be an unforgettable experience. To aid us in improving our service, please visit our website at [www. destinationtravels.com](http://www.destinationtravels.com) and complete the questionnaire.

Destination Travels wish you all the best.

Sincerely,

Rebecca Simms

Customer Service Manager

Destination Travels

1. After arriving at Puerto Rico Int, Airport, the couple can get directions from\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a Destination Travels Manager  
B. an official of New York City Hall  
C. a tourist information desk  
D. a hotel worker

2. What service is offered by the hotel for free to the newlywed couple?
- A. The snorkeling classes.
  - B. The swimming pool.
  - C. A one-night stay.
  - D. The air tickets.
3. What does the customer service manager ask Ms Pierce to do?
- A. Call the service department.
  - B. Complete the order form.
  - C. Scan the website to find information.
  - D. Fill out the customer satisfaction survey.

## B

When my mother passed away a few years ago, my father was left alone in the large house they had shared for 50 years. Without her to watch out for him, he worried about who would find him and help if “something happened.”

My sister and I live in other states, so we hit on the idea that Dad could send us an email every morning when he awoke. Thus was born the Morning Report.

He’s usually up by the crack of dawn, and his half a dozen or so sentences are waiting in my inbox when I wake up. If there’s no email, I call him, or my sister does, to make sure everything is fine. The reports have become more than an everyday check though; they’re a diary of sorts, a catalyst (催化剂) for more extended conversations, and a source of insight into his life.

Through them, Dad tells us about his routines. He might be heading to the grocery store for bananas, going to his cardiac-rehab exercise class, or having lunch with friends. Recently he told us, “I’ve climbed halfway up Mount Washington!” Given his age and distance from New Hampshire, such a hike was unlikely.

Each email closes with “All my love, Dad.” When my mother was alive, that sentiment (情感) was normally reserved for her. Now that she is gone, he shares those feelings and his experiences with us. For me, what started as a simple security measure has spawned a deeper closeness.

I’m grateful my father is still able to manage his computer and the Internet. I know the day will come when he’ll no longer be able to write the reports, and we’ll have to find other ways to keep track of one another. But until then, they are our way of knowing that another normal day has begun.

4. What was the father’s concern at first?
- A. His safety in emergency.
  - B. His children living far away.
  - C. The management of his large house.
  - D. The memory of his wife.
5. Which word can best describe the father’s life according to paragraph 4?
- A. Wealthy.
  - B. Colorful.
  - C. Lonely.
  - D. Meaningless.
6. What does the underlined word “spawned” most probably mean?
- A. Weakened.
  - B. Blocked.
  - C. Produced.
  - D. Expected.
7. What can be inferred about the author ?
- A. He prefers to live with his father.
  - B. He fairly values this close family ties.
  - C. He feels tired of writing emails every day.
  - D. He fails to find another way to communicate with his father.

## C

A new study shows students who write notes by hand during lectures perform better on exams than those who use laptops.

Students are increasingly using laptops for note-taking because of speed and legibility (清晰度). But the research has found laptop users are less able to remember and apply the concepts they have been taught.

Researchers performed experiments that aimed to find out whether using a laptop increased the tendency to make notes “mindlessly” by taking down word for word what the professors said.

In the first experiment, students were given either a laptop or pen and paper. They listened to the same lectures and were told to use their usual note-taking skills. Thirty minutes after the talk, they were examined on their ability to remember facts and on how well they understood concepts.

The researchers found that laptop users took twice as many notes as those who wrote by hand. However, the typists performed worse at remembering and applying the concepts. Both groups scored similarly when it came to memorizing facts. The researchers’ report said, “While more notes are beneficial, if the notes are taken mindlessly, as is more likely the case on a laptop, the benefit disappears.”

In another experiment aimed at testing long-term memory, students took notes as before but were tested a week after the lecture. This time, the students who wrote notes by hand performed significantly better on the exam.

These two experiments suggest that handwritten notes are not only better for immediate learning and understanding, but that they also lead to superior revision in the future.

8. Why do more and more students favor laptops for note-taking?
- A. To write more notes in the same lecture.
  - B. To digest concepts better.
  - C. To get higher scores.
  - D. To understand lectures better.
9. Researchers performed experiments to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. prove the advantage of handwritten notes
  - B. figure out whether laptop users are more mindless in making notes
  - C. call on people to write notes by hand
  - D. research the way of make notes
10. We can learn about those who wrote by hand from the first experiment?
- A. They remembered more facts.
  - B. They understood concepts better.
  - C. They took more notes.
  - D. They scored less.
11. The author of the passage aims to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. examine the importance of long-term memory
  - B. explain the process of taking notes
  - C. promote the use of laptops
  - D. stress the benefit of taking notes by hand

## D

Why do sensible people seem to lose the ability to act sensibly in conflict? What makes some families tear themselves apart in some small quarrels and not speak to each other for years? What drives neighbors to ruin their daily lives with unpleasant conflicts?

The answer can be due to self-esteem, which is one of the strongest factors in conflict and produces powerful emotions. We all have a need to think well of ourselves and for others to think well of us. Self-esteem governs many of the decisions we make, as we expend lots of time and effort constantly protecting our self-image.

Now evidence shows the effect that attacks on our self-esteem have on the brain. One study showed that any attack on our self-image is interpreted by the brain as physical pain. When we speak of “hurt” feelings, we acknowledge that it will affect our self-esteem and is felt as physical pain. The word “sorry” is one of the most difficult to express, despite it being the quickest, cheapest and most effective form of solving a dispute. But our brain seems to tell us that saying sorry will be as painful as putting our hand into a fire.

This ability helps us to see how our brain functions in conflict situations. For example, we now have an explanation of our “fight or flight” instinct, which is governed by the amygdala, two small structures in the brain that control our instinctive responses.

Today the amygdala can be motivated by any attack on our self-esteem. When the brain senses a threat, it'll prevent us from engaging in logical or analytical thought, instead creating instant defensive reactions.

That's why we recoil when faced with fault, whether in business, within the family, or in the supermarket. It is an attack on our self-esteem, and it is painful. It is at these moments that we need to lower our self-esteem, to tell ourselves that our self-esteem is unnecessarily getting in the way, and that it is far more productive to try to see things from the other perspective.

12. What is the function of the questions in Paragraph 1?
- A. To introduce the best way to deal with conflict.
  - B. To introduce the readers to the topic of the passage.
  - C. To stress the importance of handling conflict correctly.
  - D. To warn readers not to have a conflict with family members.
13. Why are people unwilling to apologize to others?
- A. To solve quarrels.
  - B. To reduce the pain in their heart.
  - C. To avoid negative brain activities.
  - D. To maintain their self-image.
14. We can learn from the text that the amygdala \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. helps us control our emotions
  - B. is in charge of our responses to attacks
  - C. helps us have a good knowledge of our brain
  - D. enables us to think logically in face of danger
15. What does the author suggest we should do when faced with fault?
- A. Build up our self-esteem.
  - B. Pretend to know nothing about it.
  - C. Say sorry for the fault.
  - D. Ignore the pain it has caused.

## 第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有两项为多余选项。

Any woman can be strong. I don't just mean strong in mental aspect. 16 You may think that strong women are born, not made. You may be thinking of Olympic weightlifters lifting dozens of kilos over their heads, or of bodybuilders posing.

17 It is a requirement for everyday life. Strength is what you need if you carry your luggage. You need to be strong to pick your child up off the floor. And, most of all—especially as you get older—you need strength simply stand up without falling over.

As we age, we progressively lose muscle mass, which can make us weaker. 18 We might have trouble going up and down steps, picking up something heavy, even standing up from a seat. But while ageing is unavoidable, building muscle through strength training is meaningful.

A programme that is becoming more and more commonly used is Starting Strength. The basic Starting Strength programme consists of four different lifts. Trainees learn these lifts step by step. 19 Three times a week they perform three of the lifts. If they are successful in a period, they then add 2.25kg in the next period.

But barbell (杠铃) lifting doesn't just offer physical strength; it also gives women emotional and mental confidence. 20

- A. But strength is not just about appearances.
- B. I mean simply being able to fight against gravity.
- C. Being strong doesn't mean having a stony heart, either.
- D. However, this condition can be improved by working out.
- E. Most people begin to learn the lifts using an empty bar weighing 20kg.
- F. In daily life, the actions we take for granted become more and more difficult.
- G. However they feel about their body, they can become the strongest version of themselves.

## 第二部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

### 第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I was on a plane that was about to take off when my phone rang. I felt something 21 had happened. It was my neighbor saying I needed to get to the 22 at once. She explained that she'd 23 my two boys, George, then five, and Mickey, then four, crying. At first, she had 24 it, but when the crying continued for a long time, she 25 something was wrong. So she came round and discovered my wife, Mary, lying on the 26 floor. She had been emptying the dishwasher when a live wire fell and 27 her. Mary was taken to hospital. When I arrived, doctors were trying to rescue her, but there was no point. I explained to the boys that Mum had died; I felt it was important to be 28 with them. For a year I was in a 29 state of mind. I went through the activities of a father but inside I felt 30.

Later, I felt I had to honor my love for Mary by not 31. She married me because I was a 32 man and I knew I had to carry on and actively chose to swim rather than 33.

We moved to another city but two years later, I was diagnosed with cancer. The 34 that had been gone came flooding back — would my boys be 35 with no parents? 36, the disease was in its early stage and doctors could 37 it in time. With everything happening to me, I realized merely thinking “why me” doesn't 38. We have to learn to accept and adapt to the 39 it has brought about. It is no use thinking about the past or being worried about the future. 40, just focus on the present.

- |                    |                  |                 |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 21. A. amazing     | B. terrible      | C. strange      | D. exciting      |
| 22. A. exit        | B. hospital      | C. house        | D. entrance      |
| 23. A. seen        | B. sensed        | C. heard        | D. recognized    |
| 24. A. ignored     | B. hesitated     | C. imagined     | D. confused      |
| 25. A. wondered    | B. predicted     | C. expected     | D. realized      |
| 26. A. bathroom    | B. bedroom       | C. kitchen      | D. toilet        |
| 27. A. touched     | B. felt          | C. killed       | D. helped        |
| 28. A. familiar    | B. clear         | C. strict       | D. pleased       |
| 29. A. good        | B. disappointing | C. helpless     | D. suffering     |
| 30. A. curious     | B. lively        | C. lonely       | D. cold          |
| 31. A. breaking up | B. breaking away | C. breaking in  | D. breaking down |
| 32. A. rich        | B. friendly      | C. strong       | D. handsome      |
| 33. A. dive        | B. fall          | C. float        | D. sink          |
| 34. A. anxiety     | B. idea          | C. news         | D. pain          |
| 35. A. accepted    | B. left          | C. adopted      | D. praised       |
| 36. A. Gradually   | B. Personally    | C. Eventually   | D. Thankfully    |
| 37. A. treat       | B. research      | C. guess        | D. stop          |
| 38. A. matter      | B. affect        | C. help         | D. count         |
| 39. A. experiences | B. changes       | C. disabilities | D. decisions     |
| 40. A. Then        | B. Thus          | C. However      | D. Instead       |

## 第 II 卷

### 第二部分 英语知识运用

#### 第二节 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。

“Meet in Beijing” is 41 annual art festival organized by CAEG (the China Arts and Entertainment Group) under the administration of the Minister of Culture, whose initial aim is to protect and expand China’s 42 (colour) culture. It 43 (be) highly thought of since 44 (it) first appearance. Now it has become one of the 45 (big) international art festivals in Asia, providing a platform for artists at home and abroad 46 (exchange) ideas. This year’s Meet in Beijing is expected to bring an art carnival to Beijing. Nearly 900 Chinese and foreign artists from more than 20 countries and regions will bring a number of performances and public art education activities to major 47 (theater) in the city.

Since this year also marks the fifth anniversary of the Belt and Road Initiative, a development strategy 48 underlines China’s push to play a larger role 49 global affairs with a China-centered trading network, the festival is aimed at further promoting cultural exchanges between countries 50 (involve) in the Belt the Road Initiative.

### 第三部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

#### 第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

I’m a huge book-lover and like sharing my love for book! So I have been bought many books. Finishing reading one book, I place it in and around my school so that some of my schoolmates can enjoy them when reading it. I especial like placing it on a stone table in the little garden where students might have time with a rest. I am delighted the other day when I saw the card left on the table to say thanks. It was so pleasing find out that my book could bring anyone pleasure!

## 第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假定你是李华, 打算参加探望孤儿院 (orphanage) 儿童的志愿者活动。从互联网上得知某国际组织打算免费提供一些英语图书, 请写一封电子邮件申请获得一些儿童图书, 要点如下:

1. 申请意图: 给孩子们礼物;
2. 图书类型: 有插图, 适合 5-7 岁儿童的图书;
3. 希望获准。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;
3. 开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Sir,

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Looking forward to your early reply.

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua